



JOŽE PLEČNIK -
architect
(1872 – 1957)

*Jože Plečnik, 3rd eldest
child of the family*

The Plečnik family



Ljubljana – Trnovo: The house behind the church







Nekaj Plečnikovih del:















banka oelje





Ljubljana, 1936



Ljubljana, Marjini trg



Ljubljani earthquake, 1895



Construction (1936 – 1941)



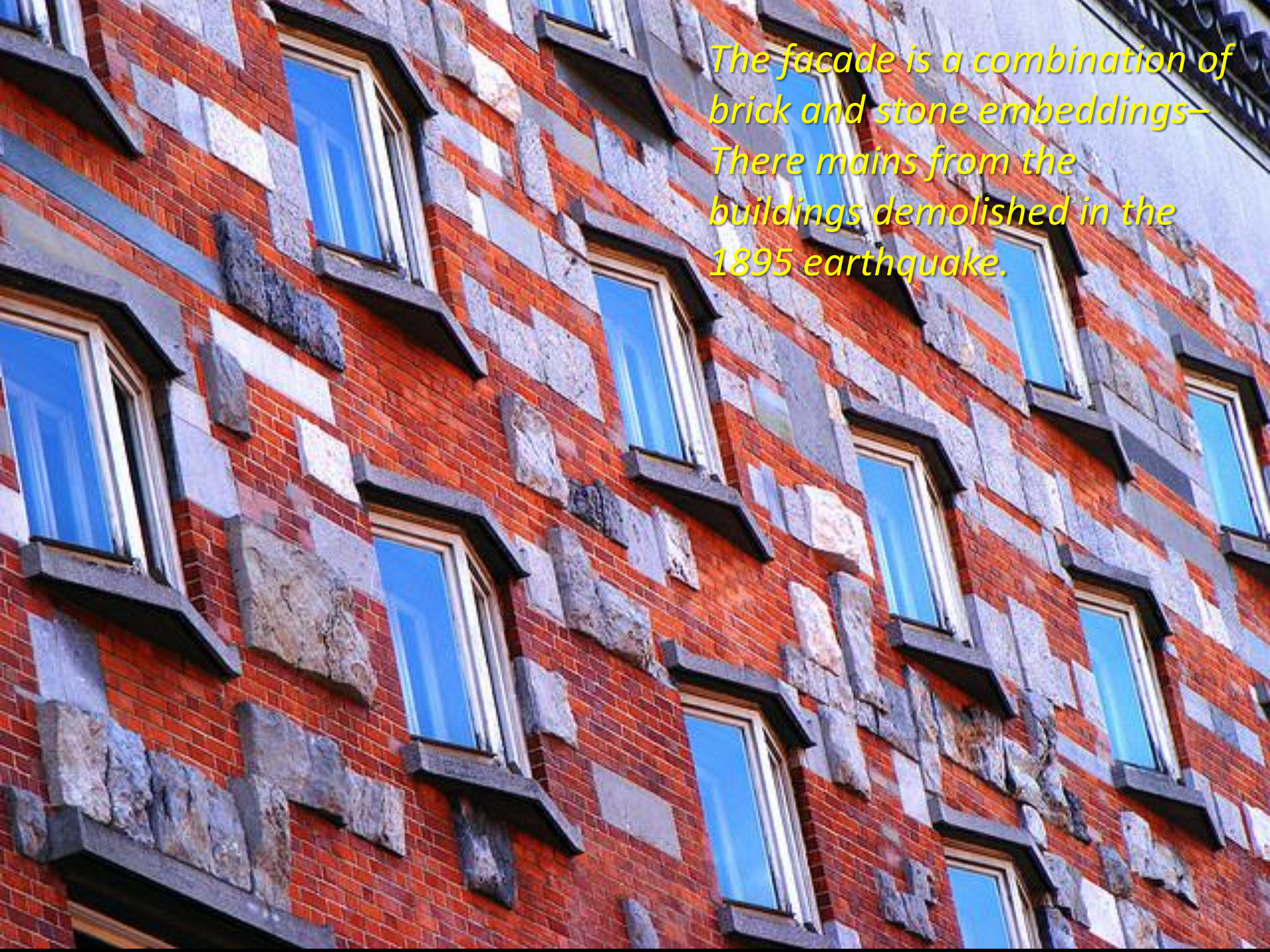


NUK – Narodno univerzitetna knjižnica
The National and University Library

*modelled in the manner
of a renaissance palace
stone ground*

strong roof wreath

stone ground floor

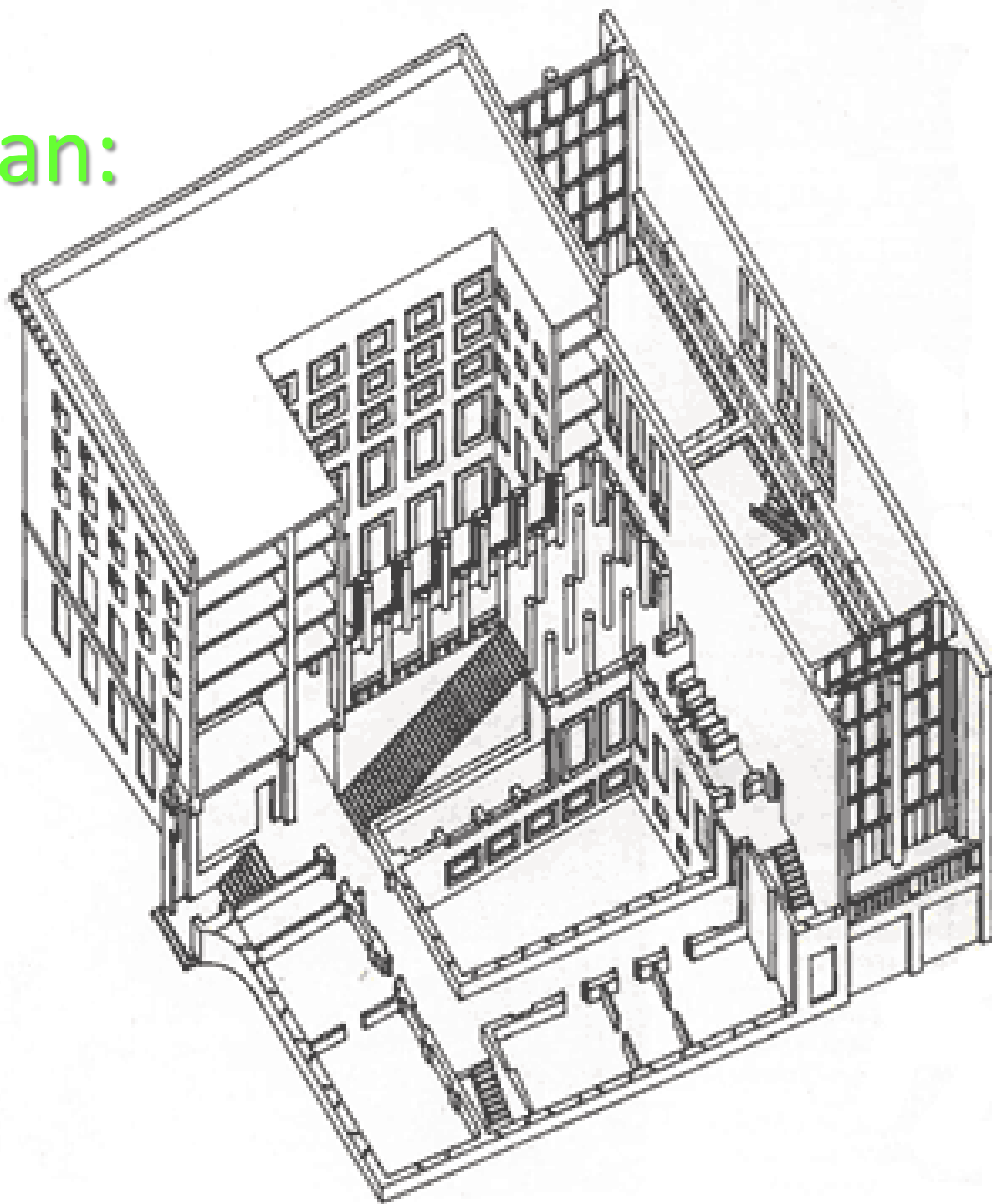


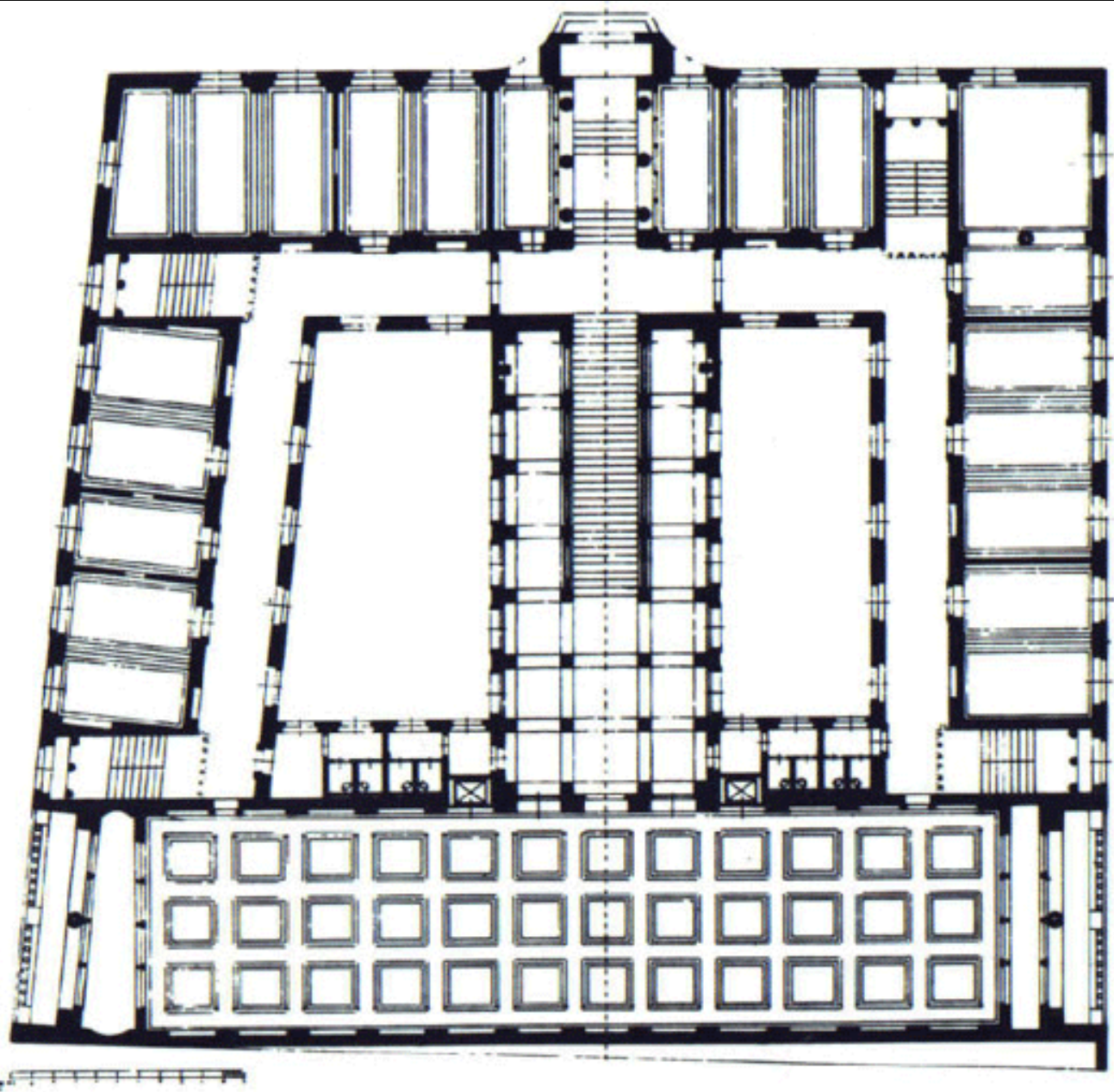
*The facade is a combination of brick and stone embeddings—
There mains from the
buildings demolished in the
1895 earthquake.*

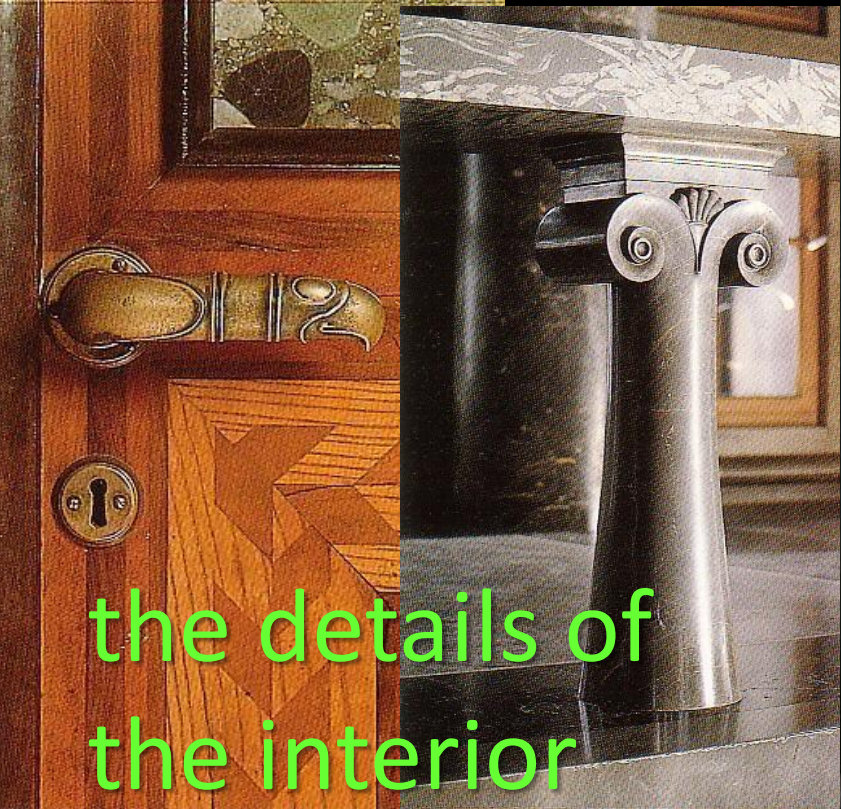
A four-storey building with four wings and two inner court yards.



The plan:







the details of
the interior



The entrance



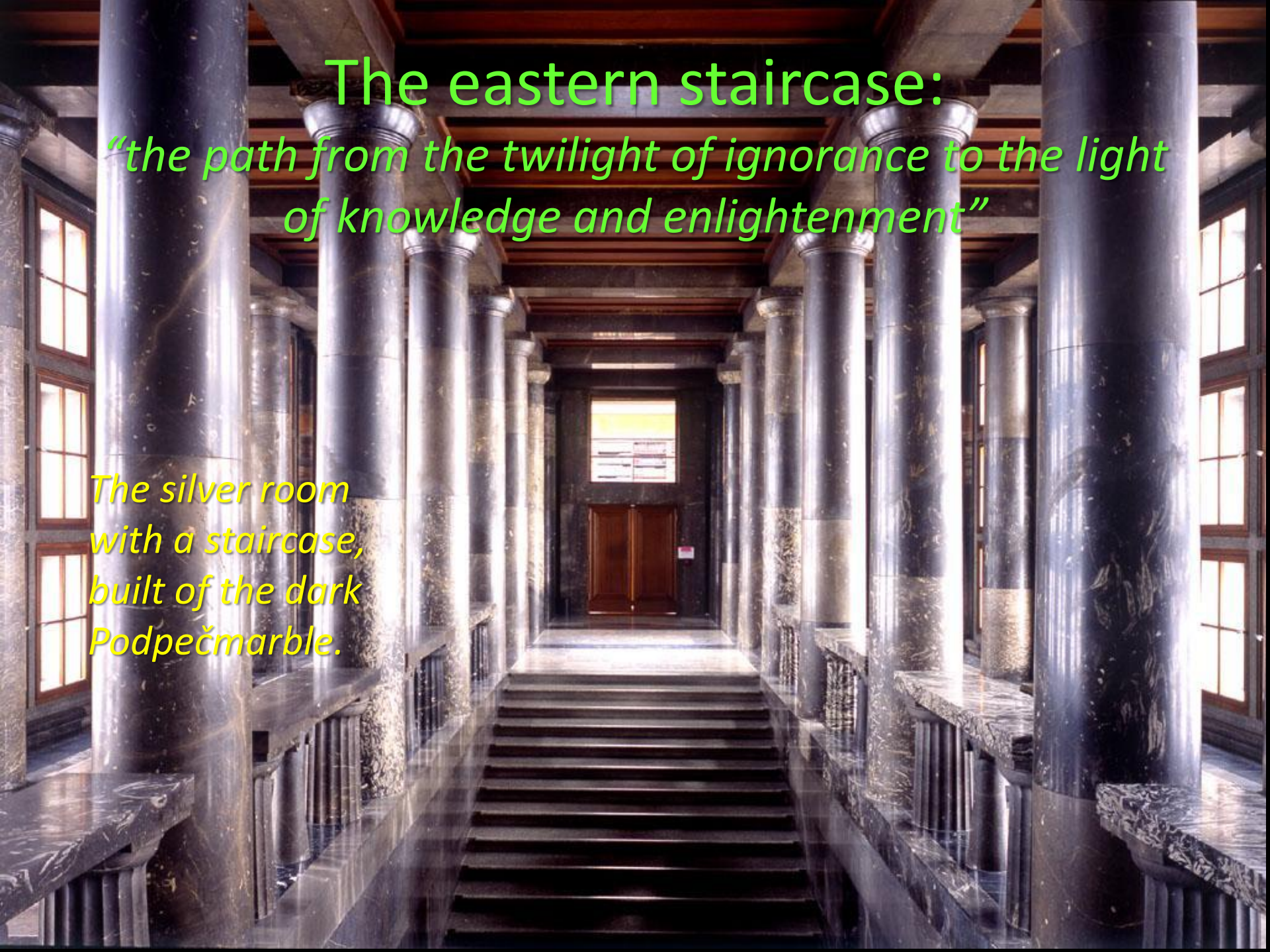
The plain entrance from the back street contributes to the greater experience of the great hallway.

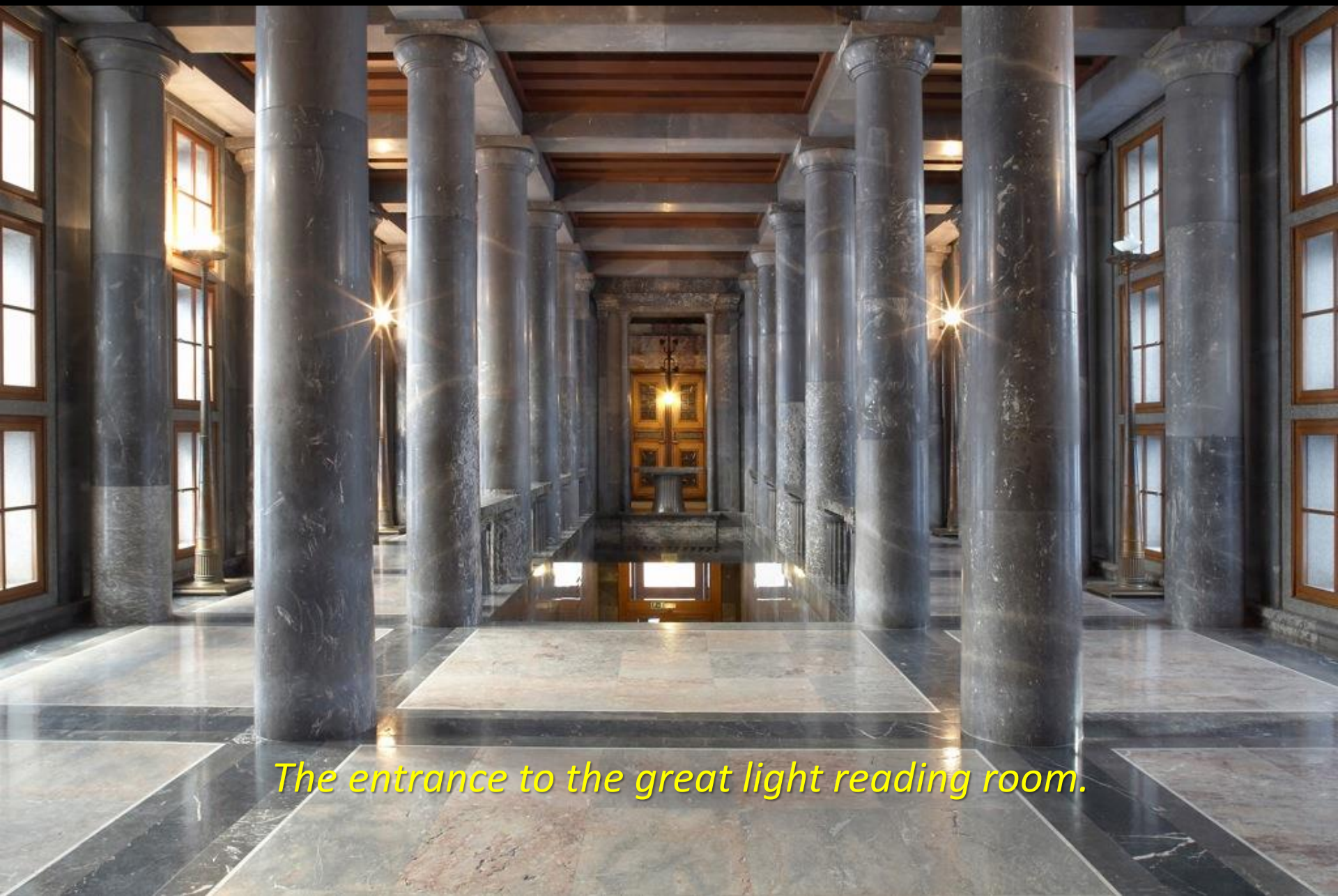


The eastern staircase:

“the path from the twilight of ignorance to the light of knowledge and enlightenment”

The silver room with a staircase, built of the dark Podpečmarble.





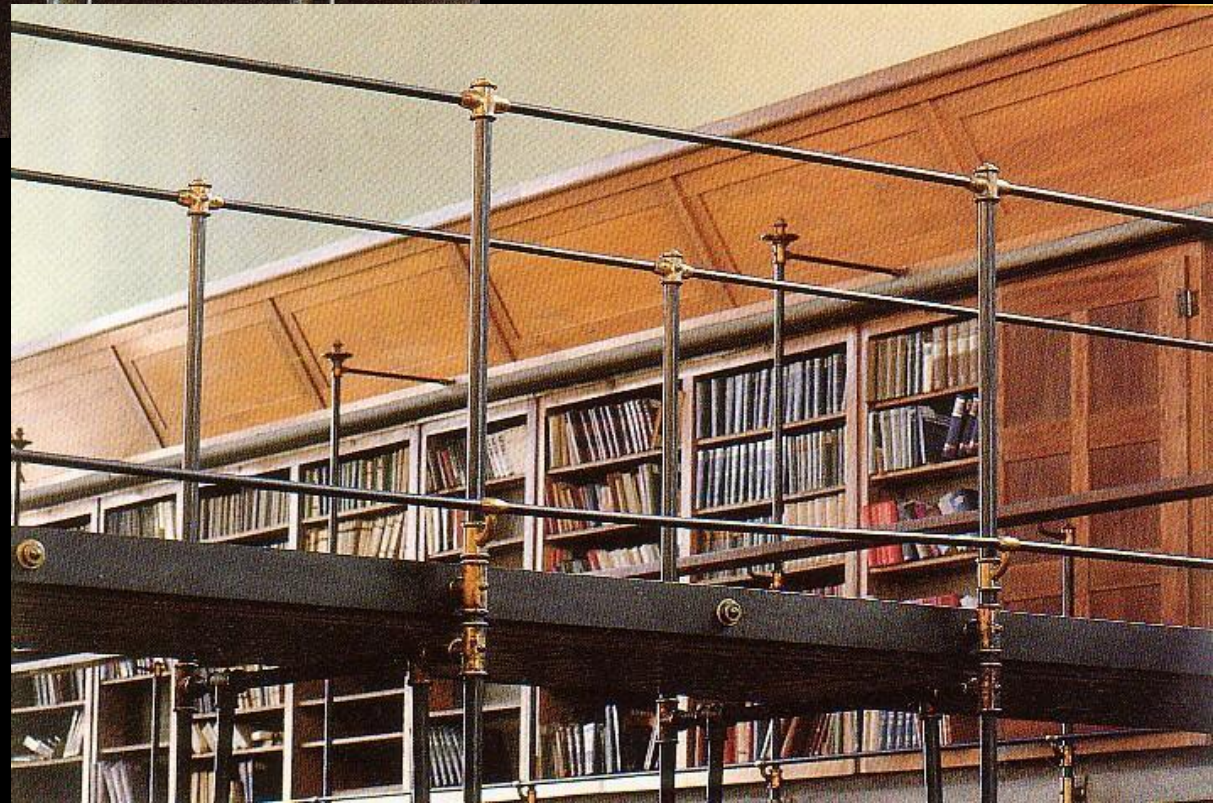
The entrance to the great light reading room.

The main reading room



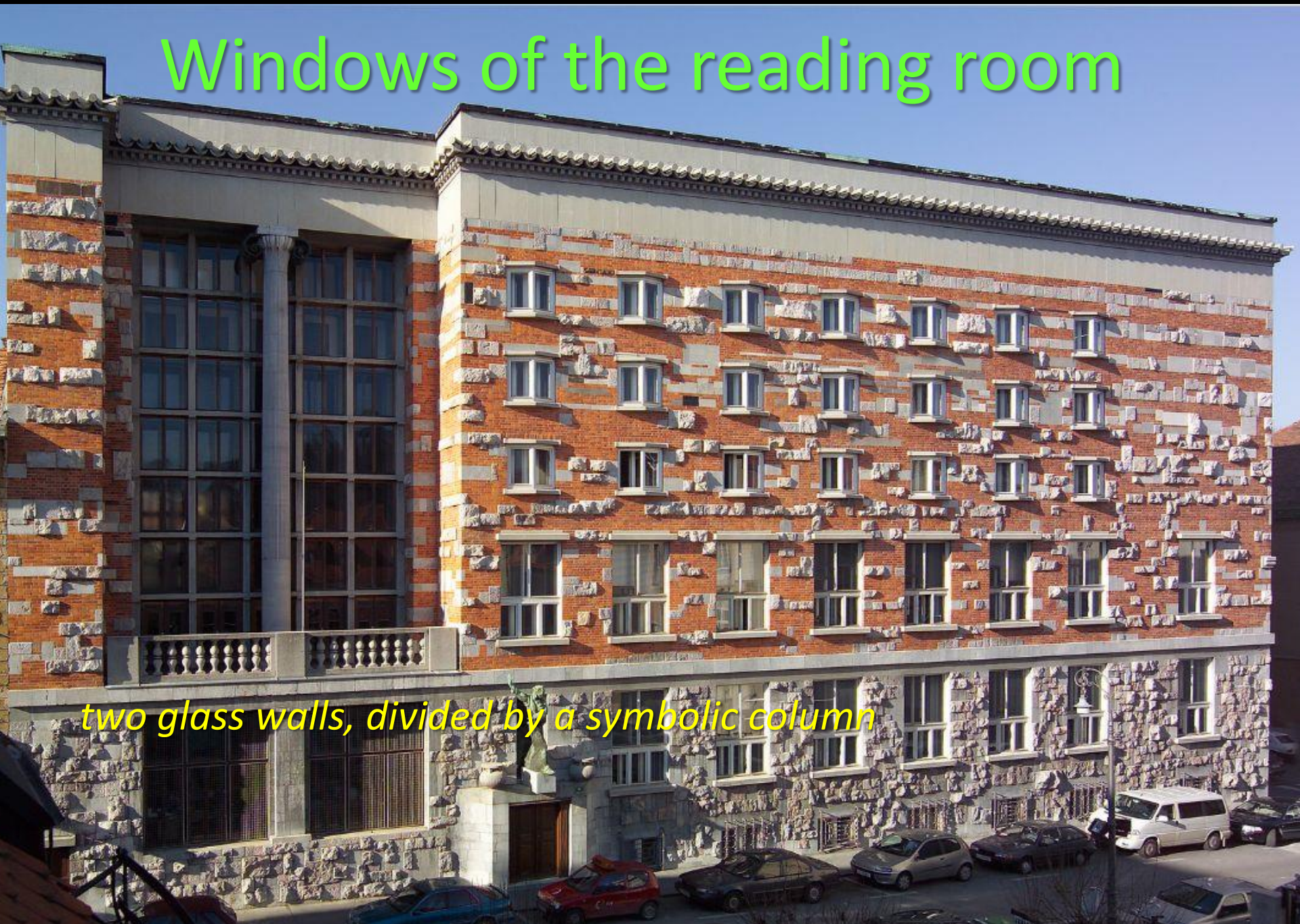


The details of
the main reading
room



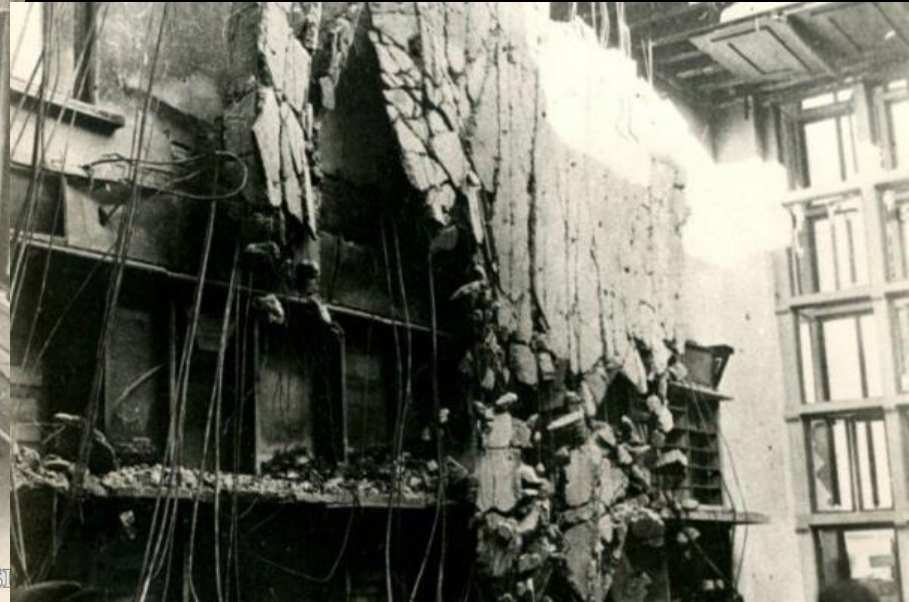
Windows of the reading room

two glass walls, divided by a symbolic column



A plane crashed into the library in 1944.

60 000 books were burnt.



The most precious books:

- The medieval manuscripts (codexes and fragments from the 9th century)
- The renaissance / the humanist texts (incunables)
- The Stična manuscript ...

This is the museum of the Slovene literature.



- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gFSLuKcQXC0>

